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the modern civil war is often seen as a fight between the north and the south for the right to own slaves. this myth, however, is incorrect. while the confederacy certainly fought to protect slavery, the war was also a struggle over the future of a nation, and the war was fought over many issues. the war was not fought by any one group, but by the majority of the southern population. in the early years of the war, the majority of the population remained neutral in the conflict. the war s first four years took place in the west, the majority of union soldiers came from the north, while the confederacy was made up of southerners, mostly from the upper class and slave owning class. in the east, the majority of union soldiers came from the north and new england, while the confederacy had only a small number of northerners. in the west, the majority of the population remained neutral, and the war was fought by individual southerners. in addition to the war s origins in the issue of slavery, the civil war is often seen as a fight between the north and the south over racial prejudice. the south was a majority white society, and many northern blacks and southerners, however, believed that the north would not treat them fairly. these fears were shared by many northern blacks. after the war of 1812, the north again placed tariffs on imports from the south, and many northern blacks migrated to the north. for the union, petersburg was a strategic failure, the war was being fought in the eastern united states, and east coast cities had begun to blossom as economic centers. union leadership wanted to end the war quickly and avoid a land war, the war objectives of the south were more far-reaching, as early as september 1864, a south carolina newspaper proclaimed that the war was not about slavery, many in the south had accepted the abolition of the institution as a necessary outcome of the war, the confederacy, however, was determined to maintain its sovereignty and to preserve its way of life.25 the short-term objective of t



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the norths victory in the war rested not only on its military power, but also on the growth of political unity and strength and the development of a general strategic plan, the war began with a government in place that was larger than all but one other in american history, all elements of the national government were united in a common goal, congress was equally represented in both north and south, and its members came from both sections of the country, in addition, the norths economy was stronger than that of the confederacy, the union had an industrial infrastructure that spanned the entire north, while the confederacy had a small, slow-growing economy that relied on farming, mining, and some manufacturing. although the norths economy was growing, the souths was not, and only two years into the war, the north had three times the economy of the south, further, the north had a more sophisticated transportation infrastructure, and the union was able to provide better military support to the war effort, the union also had a stronger navy and a more efficient, flexible supply system, the northern political system also had more unity of purpose than that of the south. the north as a whole supported the war, while the confederacy gained support from key confederate leaders, including jefferson davis, robert e. lee, and joseph e. johnston, and a small number of other southerners. south carolina, for example, did not support the confederacy in any formal way until november 1861, when the state seceded, however, nearly all of the southerners in the confederate congress opposed secession, the south had little support for secession before the war began. had southern states seceded, they would have left the union as they had done earlier in the 19th century, when tennessee, mississippi, and florida also left to form the short-lived confederacy in 1860, the confederacy was not a nation-state that supported secession, but instead was a coalition of states that refused to join together as a single nation. because of the differences among the southerners in the coalition, the confederacy was unable to move with speed or power in resisting the north, they could not wage war as one united nation because they did not have a nation to wage war against. 5ec8ef588b

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